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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

REPORT NO.

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SUBJECT Report on Conditions in the Drogopych and Lvov

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Characteristics of the area

The months reported on were spent in narvesting and grain collection. authorities and the people devoted their whole attention to these two activities. In considering these two activities, both as regards the authorisies and as regards the populace, a difference will be noted between the maions of the Drogobych Oblast and the raions of the Lvov Oblast in the area collectivization in the Procobuch Oblist and only partial collectivization in the Procobuch Oblist and only partial collectivization in a number of villages of the Lvov Oblast. In the Lvov Oblast about 50 parcent of the peasantry lived on kelkhozy in the raions reported on.

The harvest campaign in the raions of the Drogobych Oblast was conducted with efforts on the part of the State to bring in the harvest collectively at all costs. A whole administration was set up for this compation, not to mention the Party, the MGB, and the MVD, which used every means at their disposal to prevent individual grain collecting. The peasantry answered with s general boycott of the narvest, a boycott which embracod almost all the villages of the raions involved, where the kolkhozy were newly organized. The peasantry thought that when the State saw the harvest was not coming in, in would give in. Instead, the State resorted to terror, in this manner forcing the peasants to bring in the harvest collectively; further, they were directed to deliver grain to the State.

The peasants saw the hopelessness of the situation, and so, to avoid starving, they cut the grain in the fields and ground it so that they might thus ensure themselves at least a minimum supply. The children would go out in the fields with jugs as if they were bringing water to their parents, accually, they would gather the ears, grind the grain in the jugs, and then bring it home in them. MGB squads, district agents, and strybky, and various

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Bolshevik collaborators caught individuals gathering the ears in order to shake out the grain. while the harvest in the villages of the raions of Lvov Oblast was in full swing, it had barely begun in the villages of the raions reported on in Drogobych Oblast. In the majority of cases is the villages of Drogobych Oblast the grain was still uncut and apparently no one cut it after that.

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There were no special violations during the grain delivery activities in the villages of Drogobych Oblast, for the State collected the grain directly from all over and took it to grain storage points. The people could do nothing about this. The collection work proceeded differently in the villages of the raions reported on in Lvov Oblast. Collection brigades composed of MGB squads and various officials went around through the villages helping the peasants complete the grain delivery ahead of time. The quotas were set very high. The peasants gathered the remaining grain and brought it in so as to avoid repressive measures on the last of the State. For although the harvest was good this year, many peasaries did not completely fill their assigned quotas for grain delivery to the State.

the planting campaign and fruit delivery had already gotten under way, and were proceeding more quickly than the grain delivery.

The Enemy Situation

Administration

Komsomol: In the Khodorovski Raion the Komsomol organization is as follows:

Artim, Stepan : First Secretary, Raion Committee of the Komsomol; age - 29; Ukrainian; local person.

Yermak, (fnu): Second Secretary. Raion Committee of the Komsomol; instructor; age - 24; Russian; casterner.

Hladkii, (fnu) (2/3 line illegible) - age - 36; Ukrainian; local person.

Drogomiro, (fnu):(2/3 line illegible) - age - 25; Ukrainian; loca... person.

Vyashchenko, (fnu) :(2/3 line illegible) - age - 28; Russian; easterner.

(Several lines illegible). There were primary Komsomol organizations in the following villages:

Bortniki - three members
Molodinche - three members
Novosikfasi - eight mombers
Dobrivlyany - two members
Bukavina - two members
Demidiv - Kolotov - nine mombers
Zalistsi - five members
Zhirava - four members
Chortoriya - three members
Pidnistriani - four members
Berezdivtsi - 20 members
Tsukrovarnya - 38 members
Devo - five members
Sadki - eight members

In Khodorov there is a Komsomol organization in every institution and enterprise. The above Komsomol organizations are not active in the villages. Only the Komsomol organization in the village of Berezdivtsi is active; it holds meetings periodically, often presents exhibitions, etc.. Written announcements about them ahead of time have had no effect.

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In Bibrski daion the Komsomol was active in recruiting new members from among the secondary school children. In general tracy were unsuccessful, a number of students leaving school out not joining the Komsomol. The recruiting was simed principally at the ninth and terms graders.

During harvest time the konsomoltsy were active at quotaedelivery time chiefly in the villages of Vinnikivski Raion. In this raion the Bolsheviks sent the Konsomoltsy around to different villages to bring in the quota, help organize the kolkhozy and bring the people in to meetings.

Ahodorovski Raion: (title not clearly legible)

Vutok (fnu) - Director, Intelligence Section (RO) MGB; Major; age 27; Party member; Russian; from the east.

Sapon (fnu) - Deputy Director, Intelligence Section MCB; Captain; age - 30; Russian; Party member; from the east.

Gromovi (fnu) -o-u; Intelligence Section MGB; Lieutenant; age - 25; Jew; Party member; from the east.

Gvozdov (fnu) - o-u; Intelligence Section MGB; Senior Lieutemant; age - 29; Russian; Party member; from the east.

Grishen (fnu) - o-u; Intelligence Section MGB; Lieutenant; age - 30: Russian; Party member; from the east.

Kostrovenko (fnu) - o-u; Intelligence Section adB; second Lioutenant: age - 32; Russian; Party member; from east.

Mazur (fnu) - o-u; Intelligence Section MGB; Second Lieutenant; age - 30; Russian; Party member; from the east.

Polyakov (fnu) - o-u; Intelligence Section MCB; Second Lieutenant; age - 30; Russian; Party member; from the east.

Vasiley (fnu) - investigating attorney MGB; Senior Lieutenant; age \sim 35; Russian; Party member; from the east.

Khodorov MGB Stations:

Prosnyakov (fnu) - Director, MGB; Major; age - about 43; Russian; Party man; from the east.

Vudanov (possibly Budanov)(fnu) - Deputy Director; Captain; age - about 30; Russian; Party member; from the east.

Oveyanikov (fnu) - Captain; age - about 51; Russian; Party member; From the east.

Butov (possibly Vutov) (fnu) - replaced Vudanov; Senior Lieutenant; age - about 38; Russian; Party member; from the east.

Pervaga (fnu) - investigating attorney; Licutenant; ace - about 27; Russian; Party member; from the east.

Kochov (fnu) - Master Sergeant; age - about o7; Mussian; Party member; from the east.

Shuvamov (fnu) - Senior Saggeant: age - about 28; Russian; Party messes; from the east.

Brin (possibly Vrin) (fnu) - Corporal; age - about 27; Russian; Party member; from the east.

Yakimov (fnu) - Sergeant; age - about 37; Russian; Party member; from the east.

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MVD - Khodorov
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Koda (fnu) - Director MVD; Captain; age - 38; Ukrainian; Party member; easterner.

Militia - Ahodorov

Loginov (fnu) - Director Intelligence Section rkm (sic); Captain; age - about 37; Russian; Party member; from the east.

MGB - (illegible due to bad photostat)

n n n n

MGB - Bibrka (first 2 line illegible)

MGB Lieutenant Colonel Vdovichenko (rnu) and Lt. Colonel Litvi (rnu) (rest illegible)

MVD - Bibrka (illegible)

MGB - Vinniki

Gonshavenko (fnu) - Director; Jew Polyakov (fnu) - Deputy Gorbachov (fnu) - Russian Milyakov (fnu) - Russian Molokov (fnu) - Lieutenant; Russian Yesayev (fnu) - Junior Lieutenant; Russian Shevtsov (fnu) - Junior Lieutenant; Russian Shepod (fnu) - Junior Lieutenant; Jew

Vinniki Militia (Militsiya):

Butenko (fnu) - Director, Captain, Jew
Proskurov (fnu) - Deputy Director; Lieutenant, Russian
Bondurov (fnu) - investigating attorney; Lieutenant; Russian
Kulikovski (fnu) - investigating attorney; Lieutenant; Ukrainian.
Muvayeva (fnu) - (female) - Director of the Passport Section; Russian;
Party member.
Profata (fnu) - (female) - assistant

Militiamen (Militsionary):

Shchelski (fnu) - Belorussian
Stakhov (fnu) - Kussian
Shyrshok (fnu) - Jew
Korka (fnu) - Russian
Mikhalitski (fnu) - Ukrainian
Poshiyasti (fnu) - Ukrainian; local person; Komsomol.
Krisa (fnu) - Ukrainian; local person; Komsomol.
Mabko (fnu) - Ukrainian; from the eastern oblasts.
Alikhviv (fnu) - from the east; Party member.
Shevchuk (fnu) - Ukrainian
Fedorski (fnu) - Russian

Defense Staff of the Raion Centers

In general, the raion center defense units (okhrana) have not changed any from the previous quarter, with this difference, that groups of Red army topographic units which had been stationed in the village of Zhirava, Khodorovski Raion, moved from the village of Khodorkivtsi, Novostrilishchanski Raion, to Novo Strilischa; and from the village of Stare Selo, Bibrski Raion, to the village of Voloshchina, Bibrski Raion. From the beginning of July 1949 on, units of the Red army were quarterd in the woods around the Lvov-Bibrka highway; they were there almost two weeks. Fuel stations were set up along the woods, in the fields, and in the surrounding villages.

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The squads moved about through the villages as follows:

Khodorovski Raion: The squad of o-u MGB Lt. Gromovi (fnu) operated in the villages of Sugriv, Verbitsya, Pidliski, Novosiltsi, and Cheremkhiv.

c-u MGB Lieutenant Polyakov (fnu) and his squad were assigned to the villages of Volchatichi, Dobrivlyany, Bertniki, and Molodinche.

o-u MGB Senior Lieutenant Grishen (fnu) govered the villages of Bukavina Demidiv, Molotov, Borodchitsi, and Zhirava. He took the place of the wounded Grozdov (fnu).

o-u Lieutenant (MGB) Mazuv (fnu) with his squad covered the villages of Berezdivtsi, Granki-Kuti, Lyashki, Ruda, and Korolivske Gorodishche.

Operations by villages in Novostrilishchanski Raion:

o-u MGB Demidiv (fnu) operated in the villagos of stare strilishona, parkivtsi, Tribokivtsi, Rotsekhiv, and Orishkivtsi.

o-u MGB Liver (fnu) operated in the villages of Lishchin, Grusyatichi, (line illegible), Duliby, Gerodishohe Tsetnarske, and Ostriv (rest illegible .

o-u MGB Lieutenant (SU -rest illegible) operated in the villages of Khodorkivtsi, (Kologu -rest illegible); (next word illegible), Pyatnichami, Berteshiv, and Zhabokruki.

o-u MGB Captain Filyakin (fnu) operated in the villages of Vibranivka, Berezina, Brintsi-Zagirini, Tserkovni Brinschchi, and Borusiv.

owu MGB Lt. Akachonov (fnu) operated in the villages of Kalinivka, Yatryani, Goldovichi, (one name illegible), and Deryatniki.

Operations groups and o-u MGB officiers active in Bibrski Raion:

Captain Cherepov (fnu) operated in the villages of Sukhodil, Vilkhovets, Lopushna, Veliki Glibovichi, Voloshchina, and Pidmonastir.

o-u MGB Captain Omelyanov (fnu) operated in the villages of Budkiv, Stare Selo, Vodniky Gryniv, Shpilchina, Volove, and Strilky.

Lt. Ostapenko (fnu) operated in the villages of Lani, Seraiki, Stoki, and Lenki.

Lt. Kyrylenko (fnu) operated in the villages of Mikolaiv, Pidsosmiv, Pidyarkiv, Seliska, and Romaniv.

Lt. Bolayev (fnu) operated in the villages of Pidgerodishene, Grodislavichi, Kostsuriv, Zvenigorod and Shelomiya.

Vinnikivski Raion:

o-u Senior Lt. Molokov (fnu) operated in the villages of Selisko, Tovshesiv, Cherepin, Davidiv, and Kroteshin.

o-u MGB Lieutenant Milyakov (fnu) operated in the villages of Fuore, Kozhlaiki, Fubritski Pasiki, Pikhiv, Lvivski, Lisinichi, and Krivchichi.

In addition to this, Captain Pshenichni (fnu) has been conducting operations, in the expatriated villages, concerning himself exclusively with expatriaces He is the Deputy Director of the MGB in Vinnikivski Raion.

Squads of the Lvov and Khodorov railroad MGB have also been operating in the villages along the railroad.

Of late the MGB has been directing all operations. The former MVD master sergeants are now MGB master sergeants, and the men are men of the MGB forces.

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In the months reported on, the MGB in the villages in the raions of Drogobych Oblast gave considerable attention to the harvest campaign, making a number of arrests in order to break the peasant's boycott of the harvest.

During the height of the harvest the squads and their master sergeantoperatives would lie in hiding in the cornfields to catch the peasants
bringing produce back from the fields. They would search them to see whether
they were bringing grain back from the fields. When they found grain of
someone, they would confiscate it and then arrest the person. In the raious
reported on in Lvov Oblast, the MB helped the administration exact the
grain requisition during harvest time by sending out to the villages brigades
composed of those same MGB man who, with their terrorist methods, had been
confiscating grain from the peasants. There were five to eight men in such
such brigade.

At threshing time the ambushes were moved, generally to the riches and to the edges of the villages. During this period there were almost no according laid in the villages proper. The reason for this was the great mustle and bustle in the villages in connection with the activities of threshing, which went on day and night. Also during the period reported on, people were carpatriated from the Khodorov and Strilki areas and houses were got through by the MGB; this went on on a rather large scale in the month of

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There was less provocation of the populace than in the second quarter. The squads often worked together in laying their ambushes, or in making searches in particular sections of the area.

In Vinnikivski Raion there were, during the period reported on, about 150 strybky, all of whom were Ukrainian, and about 80 percent were expatriates.

Agriculture

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Sovkhozy - no change

Kolkhozy: / (Most of the 8-line paragraph illegible Appears to be talking about: kolkhozy in Drogobych Oblast - the peasange in the kolkhozy organizing a boycott of the harvest. Individual colleging and delivery of grains.

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The boycott of the harvest lasted for almost two weeks. Almost no one west out to the fields to reap, except to strip grain from the ears and bring it home in sacks or whatever there was. The peasants would go out to the fields, cut the ears, get the grain, and grind it. Squads, district agents, and other officials would scout the peasants assiduously, and would check the fields to see whether they could find anyone stripping the ears. Upon mosting peasants in the fields, they would search them to see whether they said any grain; and, if they found anyone, they would take him and the grain to the raion center and there arrest him. Also, the EVD would search the fields, If they found anything, they would take the farmer and the grain to the raion center.

The following are a few facts about the terror there was during harvest time in the villages of Khodorovski Raion.

In the village of Molodinche the district agent of the militia, Malyuta (fina), arrested Dmytro Lyalka, Danka Mikushevsku, about 50 years old, Andrei Vorona, and Pilip Vorona, and charged them with sabotage of the harvest.

In the village of Zhirava the district agent of the militia men arrested Stepan Verbovski and Mikhailo Sokhan, and charged them with inciting the peasants to boycott the harvest.

In the village of Bukavina the producator, Michurovski (fnu), and the distance of the militia, Loginov (fnu), arrested Kistkit, Yakiv, Shumski, and Nastya Markiv, and charged them with sabotage of the harvest. In the selsovet Mastya Markiv was severely beaten because, when asked whether she was going out to the fields to reap, she replied "You CDP83-00415R00790005000410 I'm not going Approved For Release 2002/01/04: CIA-RDP83-00415R00790005000410 I'm

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in the village of Dobrivlyany, Party Bolsheviks attached to that village arrested ten women, and charged them with sabotage of the harvest. They took the prisoners from Khodorov to the village of Cherenkhiv to begin the harvesting there, as no one had started reaping there yet.

In the village of Borodchitsi, district agent Bokor (fnu) arrested Oscip-Kobok for saying "I sowed my own field myself and I shall reap it myself Kobok was taken to Stry.

In the village of Faliski, kolkhoz chairman Shkurchenko (fnu) (born in the east) came upon Mikhailo Pirogovski as the latter was grinding new grain. Shkurchenko weighed the grain and found it amounted to eight kg. For this the Bolsheviks sentenced Pirogovski to eight years in prison.

In the village of Ruda the Bolsheviks sentenced Stakh Kolodi, 52 years olds to eight years in prison because they had found a few ears of grain in life possession.

In the village of Bukavina the Bolsheviks sentenced clena Castukn to five years in prison because they had found 1.20 kg of grain in her possession.

three Bolsheviks from the military commissariat and an unknown colonel from Drogobych came to the village of Lishchin, Novostrillishchanski Raion, and told the people to go out to the fields and reap. But the people hid and did not go to the fields. The Bolsheviks slashed the peasant Ivan Perutski's hand with a sickle and beat him soundly. Two kolkhoz bridgade people were also beaten.

In the village of Duliby, the Director of the Novostrilishenanski MVD, Kutsenko (fnu), and his squad sent the people out to the fields to reap. Those who were caught were severely beaten; one farmer was beaten so thethis mouth was ripped open and two teeth knocked out.

In Bibrski Raion the Bolsheviks forcibly mobilized the individual peasarts to work on the kolkhozy. The peasants ran away and evaded this mobilization as best they could.

Dosens of such cases of terror could be cited for each village. Because of the State's robbing their grain, and their fields' not getting planted - for example, in the village of Duliby (illegible) lay fallow, the people in the villages that are completely collectivized (illegible - perhaps 'are poorly" supplied with grain. Most of next 9 lines illegible due to bad Seems to be talking about one family which earns altogether 400 work-days. Also speaks of the peasants stripping the grain from the ears secretly in the fields). In this case the cleverest ones are well enough provided for; in general; however, the peasants have very little peace.

The kolkhozniki had to pay a tax of 100 krb per family, and that only because the tax has not yet been denied in full - the kolkhozniki will be to pay the rest later. The kolkhoznik must turn over 200 liters of milk over now and 15 kg ment requisition per cow.

In the fully collectivized villages the Bolsheviks have allotted each separate family one nectare of land and a garden plot. From this the peasant must turn over 286 kg of grain and 110 kg of potatoes, besides regetables. During quota delivery time the Bolsheviks dispatched squade and various assigned personnel to the non-collectivized villages. Day and night they kept the peasants going from the fields to the grain collection points. In this manner they saw to it that the individual peasants, generally speaking, got their quota in on time, there being exceptions in the case of some peasants whose quota was so large that they could not meet it.

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Because of the poorer cultivation of the fields and the minimal planting in some kolkhoz villages, even the lowered quotas, lowered especially for the kolkhoz, have not been successfully met. This was the case in the village of Pyatnichani, Novostrilishchanski Raion. Here there is no use even talling about the peasants grain provisions.

Industry

There have been no changes in industry. The working classes live somewhat better than the kolkhoz peasantry.

a. Data on work in the brickworks in the village of Sikhiv, Vinnikivski Raion;

Pay: This of course depends on the category (rank of the worker), and on the quantity of work turned out and the quality of the product. There an unmarried worker who earns 500 krb pays 21 krb for his dormitory room if he lives in a dormitory run by the brickworks, a 30 krb tax for childlessness, a 20 krb loan tax, a 35 krb income tax, and 5 krb a month trade union dues.

The worker can buy one loaf of bread a day in the local store, for which he pays 2.9 krb a kg., and once a month he can buy 1 kg of macarcan for krb and t kg. of sugar for 6 krb.

The workers bring food from home to stay alive in the dormitory, and sometimes they even resort to robbery in order to survive.

b. Data on the sugar refinery in the city of Knodorov, Anodorovski Raich:

The workers tried to avoid loafing on the job. The severest punishment for loafing on the job was forced labor for three to six months and a deduction of 25 percent from their pay.

There is a dispensary in the sugar refinery, but a sick person can get excused from work only if he has a high temperature, and even in the most serious cases the doctors do not give out any certificates but hospital

There is no irregularity in the work in the sugar refinery. Only in scattered cases do the workers leave their jobs, for example, because of low pay, hard work, or because of their health.

Breakfast consists of two courses: pie, and soup and groats. Dinner of two courses: meat and potatoes, and borshoh. Support of two courses: soup with bread and cereal, or fried fish. Prices: breakfast - five krb, dinner - five krb, and suppor - three to four krb.

Relations during working hours between workers from the Eastern Uksaaine and those from the Western Ukraine are reasonably good.

Three lines illegible, two more nearly so due to bad photostat. These two lines read in part: The sugar refinery had 36 trucks, two private cars and two locomotives, which - the rest (three to four) of the words are althabible.

Trade

Over the whole area it is forbidden to trade in grain until the quota is delivered to the state. the market price of rye was 200 to 300 krb, wheat - 370 to 400 krb, and 400 kg of potatoes - 50 to 60 ${
m km}$

the Bolsheviks attempted to change the trading $\delta\omega_{\mu}$ In Bibrka from Thursday to Sunday, but they met with no success. The peasants and workers boycotted the order; so that, after two Sundays of nothing happening, trading day went back to Thursday, where it remained.

The cooperatives and stores did not have large stocks of generally useful goods. Almost the only kind of dry goods offered in the cooperatives was women's clothing, and that was of the worst sort. Men's clothing was almost entirely missing. (word illegible) - the poor quality of this clothing, was too expensive for the present material state of the Remondation of Generally, the smallest items in the cooperatives come from the industrial

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combines in the raion centers. The raion artels belong to these combines, inasmuch as they produce for widespread consumption. The cooperatives, however, also carry goods put out by oblast light industry. During the period reported on, the cooperative get in a large quantity of thread. There are fewer cosmetics than there were before.

Mail - No change

Administrative Orders

The most noteworthy administrative orders concerned building covered threshing floors in the fields and raised platforms from which the fields can be watched (in the kolkhoz villages), preparation for the farm invertory before the beginning of the harvest, on-time delivery of the grain requisition, and fixing the roads.

The MVD issued an order forbidding people to leave the village at night and go out to the fields.

Schools

There have been some changes in the schools. Teachers from the Eastern Ukraine have been removed and their places filled by teachers from the Western Ukraine. For the whole of the area reported on there were a number of cases where teachers from the Eastern Ukraine were removed from their jobs. And besides this, there were many changes made in place of teaching for teachers from the Eastern Ukraine as well as from the estern. Also, an 8th grade was set up in the village of Devyatriki, Novostrilishchanse. Raion. This made the beginnings of a second secondary school in this raion, since up to now the only secondary school had been in the raion center.

Cultural Life

The cultural life of the area was supplied by several dramatic clubs in the Bibrka area which would get together every so often and put on a preduction, and by programs that were arranged almost every Sunday in a number of villages in the Vinnikiv and Bibrka areas. The young people took part in these programs. Mobile movie units would go around to the villages taked a month and show films for the people. There were fewer of these movie units in the villages of the raions of Drogobych Oblast than in those of Lyov, in the Vinnikiv area. The audience for the most part was made up of school pupils and some of the younger children. As they watched one film they would follow the action and the general story, but as for going more deeply into the content of the film and its ideas - this did not interest them or enthrall them at all, since (last two or three words of the sentences

Next paragraph (six lines) mostly illegible [In general, talks about the price changed by the State for the movies. Speaks of one work day a month charged against each family for admission to the

On account of this there were very few spectators at the movies, sometimes some at all, because of the great poverty of the kolkhoz village.

Wedicine and Health - no change.

Propaganda

Nothing new was done by the Bolsheviks in the field of propaganca curing period covered in this report. Meetings and talks concentrated on the narvest and on getting the peasants out to work. The peasants were often threatened; this happened in the village of Lishenin, Novostrilishchanski Raion, where an unidentified colonel shouted at the peasants, "are you waiting for america? Well, do not? He will bring in people from the east and gather the barvest, and all of you will starve." There were all sorts of threats besides this, but they had no effect other than creating terror.

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Enemy Action

Raids and searches:

While crossing a field near the village of Serteshiv, undergo that agents were attacked in two places by the Bolsneviks. The underground agents escaped without losses. Some Bolsheviks were wounded.

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about 80 Bolsheviks took part in a raid in the forest between the villages of Veliki Glibovichi and Lani in the Bibrka area.

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15 Bolsheviks searched the kolkhozy in the villages of Ords daivtsi, Aniselo, and Berteshiv in the Strilki area.

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In the village of Lukavets, Bolsheviks from Bukachivetski Rason attacked a house where three underground agents were having supper. Two of the underground agents from the village of Pidliski, Khodorovski Raion, dere killed in the attack. One Bolshevik was killed.

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about 80 Bolsheviks took part in a search of the woods near the village of Khodorkivtsi in the Strilki area.

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About 200 Bolsheviks took part in a raid on the Rudki forest near the village of Molodinche in the Khodorov area.

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about 300 Bolsheviks took part in a raid on the village of Actsuriv in the Bibrka area.

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Searches were made in the village of Pidgirtsi and the nearb fields and woods. MVD squads from Khodorovski and Zhidachivski Raions took part in the action.

In the village of Tserkovni drinsonchi in the Strilki area the Bolsheviks attacked two underground agents. The underground agents called an MVD lieutenant and wounded one man in the encounter.

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Comment: "o-u" appears to be the same as the Russian Operupolnomochenni (abbreviated OP/UP) meaning Operative Representative. It is the functional designation used for officers up to the rank of Capt. ... Smersh, the MGB, and the MVD. Such officers direct and organize agent work, in contrast to office personnel.

Attackment: one

List of coordinates for villages in the Drogobych area,

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The coordinates listed below are for towns and villages located in the various raions of the Drogobych area. Ukrainian SSR, given in the order of their appearance in this report. The spelling of the place names are as reported. Alternate spellings indicated were taken from Polish maps and from maps using the transliteration system of the Permanent Committee on Geographic Names. In some cases the coordinates given are questionable because of: variance in spelling, lack of definite raion boundaries, and similarity and duplication of place names in the area.

DROGOBYCH AREA

- 1. Bortniki (49021 N. 24018 E) Khodorovski Raion
- Molodinche (49°20°N, 24°20°E) Khodorovski Raion Novosikfasi /7 Novo Seltse/ (49°21°N, 24°23°E) Khodorovski Raion
- Dobrivlyany (49022°30"N, 24018°E) Ehodorovski Raion
- Bukavina (49021°N, 24016°30"E) Khodorovski Raion
- Demidiv (49022°15"N, 24015°E) Khodorovski Raion Zalistsi /Zalestse/ (49024°N, 24013°30"E) Khodorovski Raion Zhirava (49025°N, 24015°E) Khodorovski Raion
- Chortoriya /Czartorja/ (49025'N, 24013'E) Khcdorovski Raion
- Pidnistriani /Podniestrzuny/(49025'30"N, 24012'E) Khodorovski Raica
- Berezdivtsi, Khodorovski Raion 11.
- 12. Tsukrovarnya, Khodorovski Raion
- Devo, Knodorovski Raion 13.
- Sadki /? Sadki Ksieze/ (49024'45"N, 24021'30"E) Khodorovski Raion
- 15.
- /Sadki Krolewskio/ (49024'15"N, 24022'E)
 Khodorov (49024'N, 24019'E) Khodorovski Raion
 Bibrka /? Bobrka/ (49037'30"N, 24018'E) Bibrski Raion
 Vinniki (49024'30"N, 23017'E) Vinnikivski Alion 16.
- 17.
- Zhirava (49°25°N, 24°15°E) (also 49016°50°H, 24011°E) Khodorovski Kaion
- 19. Khodorkivtsi /Khoderkovtse/ (49054%, 24016°50%) Movostrilishemansas and 20. Novo Strilishema (49031°N, 24024°E) Novostrilishemanski Raion
- Stare Selo (49042°30"N, 24011'30"E) Bibrski Raion 21.
- Voloshchina (49037°N, 24013°E) Bibrski Raion 22.
- Sugriv /Sukhruv/ (49021°N, 24022°E) Khodorovski Raion Verbitsya (49023°N, 24024°E) Khodorovski Raion
- Pidliski /Podliski/ (49021'30"N, 24021'30"E) Khodorovski Raion
- 26。 Novosiltsi /Nowosielce/(49021'N, 24023'E) /Novoseltse / Khodorovskii Asion
- Cheremkhiv /Czeremchow/ (49°20°30"N, 24°21°E) Khodorovski Raion Volchatichi /Volchatyche/ (49°24°N, 24°20°E) Khodorovski Raion Molotov (49°21°45"N, 24°015°30"E) 27.
- 28.
- 29.
- Borodchitsi /Borodczyce/49°23'N, 24°13°30"E) Khodorovski Raion Granki-Kuti /Hranki-Kuty/ (49°28°30"N, 24°10'E) Khodorovski Raion Lyashki /Lyashki-Dolne/ (49°29"N, 24°12°E) Khodorovski Raion Ruda (49°27°N, 24°13°30"E) Khodorovski Raion

- Korolivske Gorodishche /Gorodyshq-Krulevske/ (49026'30"N, 24016'30") Khodorovski Raion
- Stare Strilishcha (49032'N, 240) Novostrilishchanski Raion
- Bakivtsi /Bakowce/ (49032:30"N, 24022:E) Novostrilishchanski Raior
- 37. Tribokivtsi /Trybuchowce/ (49°33°N, 24°22°E) Novostrilishchanski Relam
- 38. Rotsckhiv, Novostrilishchanski Raion
- Orishkivtsi Oryszkowce/ 49°30°N, 24°20°30"E) Novostrilishchanski la on Lishchin /Leshchin/ 49°29 NN, 24°20°30"E) Novostrilishchanski Raion 39。
- Grusyatichi /Khrusyatyche/ (49°28°45"N, 24°23°E) Novostrilishchansli daion Duliby (49°27°30"N, 24°22°30"E) Novostrilishchanski Raion
- 42.
- Gerodishche Tsetnarske Gorodyshche-Tsetnarske (49°27°45"N, 24°181)

- Novostrilishchanski Raion

 44. Ostriv Ostrow Vetruk (49°28'N, 24°16'E) Novostrilishchanski doion

 45. Pyatnichani Fietniczany (49°22'N, 23°56'E) Novostrilishchanski doion

 46. Berezina Berteshuv (49°32'30"N, 24°20'E) Novostrilishchanski daion

 47. Berteshuv Berteshuv (49°32'30"N, 24°20'E) Novostrilishchanski Raion

 48. Zhabokruki (49°33'30"N, 24°21'30"E) Novostrilishchanski Raion

 49. Vibranivka Vibranuvka (49°33'30"N, 24°13'E) Novostrilishchanski Raion

 50. Brintsi-Zagirini Brynca Zagorna (49°33'30"N, 24°11'20"A) Novostrilishchanski 50.
 - Brintsi-Zagirini /Brynce Zagorne/ (49032030"N, 24011'30"3) Novostril shchanski Raion

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51. Tserkovni Brinschchi /Brynce Cerkiewne/ (49032'N, 24013'E) Novostri Ashchanski 52. Borusiv Borusuv (49031°N, 24012°E) Novostrilishchanski Raion 53. Kalinivka (49029°30"N, 24019°E) Novostrilishchanski Raion 54. Yatryahi, Novostrilishchanski Raion 55. Goldovichi / Roldowice / (49029'30"N, 24018'E) Novostrilishchanski Raion 56. Deryatniki, Novostrilishchanski Raion Sukhodil /Suchodol/ (24°10°E, 49°36°30"N) Bibrski Raion
Vilkhovets / Olkhorets / (49°38°N, 24°11°E) Bibrski Raion
Lopushna (24°09°E, 49°35°N) Bibrski Raion
Veliki Glibovichi /Wik. Chlebowice/ (49°37°30°E, 24°14°E) Bibrski raion
Pidmonustir /Podmonustara/ (49°40°E) 24°014°E) Bibrski raion 57. 58. 59. Pidmonastir /Fodmanasterz/ (49°40°N, 24°14°E) Bibrski maion Budkiv (24°11°30°E, 49°40°30°N) Bibrski Raion Vodniky Gryniv /Vodniki - 49°42°N, 24°14°E/ Grinyuv - 49°41°30°E, 10°16°E/ 62. Bibrski Raion Shpilchina /Spilczyna/ (49039'30"N, 24017'E) Bibrski Raion Volcve (49040'N, 24018'30"E) Bibrski Raion 64. 66. Strilky, Bibrski Raion 67. Leni (49°36°N, 24°17°30"E) Bibraki Raion 68. Serniki /Sarniki / (49°35°45"N, 24°19°45"E) Bibraki Raion 69. Stoki (49°38°N, 24°21°30"E) Bibraki Raion 70. Lanki (49038'N, 24019'45"E) Bibrski Raion 71. Mikolaiv (49045'30"N, 24021'E) Bibrski Raion 72. Pidsosniv, Bibrski Raion
73. Pidyarkiv / Podyarkov / (49°44°N, 24°22°E) Bibrski Raion
74. Seliska, Bibrski Raion
75. Romaniv (49°42°30"N, 24°21°E) Bibrski Raion
76. Pidsosniv (49°42°30"N, 24°21°E) Bibrski Raion 76. Pidgorodishche /Podhorodyszcze/ (49°42°N, 24°20°E) Bibrski Raion 77. Grodislavichi /Horodyslawice/ (49°45°N, 24°18°E) or /Gorodyslavitse/ Bibrski Raion 73。 Motsuriv, Bibrski daion 79. Zvenigorod Dzvinogrud (49044°N, 24015°E) Bibrski Raion 30. Shelomiya /Szotomyja (49°44°30"N, 24°11°E) Bibrski Raion 81. Selisko, Vinnikivski Raion 82. Tovshchiv, Vinnikivski Raion 93. Cherepin / Czerepin / (49°43°N, 24°09°E) Vinnikivski Raion 84. Davidiv / Davidov / (49°44°H, 24°09°E) Vinnikivski Raion bavidiv /bavidov/ (49°44°N, 24°09°E) Vinnikivski Raion

85. Kroteshin /Krotoshin/ (49°44°30°N, 24°00°E) Vinnikivski Raion

86. Fube, (possibly, Zube). Vinnikivski Raion

87. Kozilniki /Kozielniki/ (49°48°N, 24°03°E) Vinnikivski Raion

88. Zubritski Pasiki /Pasieki Zubrzyckie/ (49°46°30°N, 24°05°E) Vinnikivski Raion

89. Sikhiv /Sikhuv/ (49°47°30°N, 24°04°30°E) Vinnikivski Raion

90. Lvivski, Vinnikivski Raion 90. 91. 91. Lisinichi /Lesienice/ (49°50°N. 24°07°30°E) Vinnikivski Raion 92. Krivchichi /Krzywczyce/ (49°50°45°N, 24°05°L) Vinnikivski Raion 93. Zaliski /Zalesce/ (49°24°N, 24°13°30°E) Khodorovski Raion

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94. Devyetriki, Novostrilishchanski Raton

95. Pidgirtsi, Khodorovski Raion